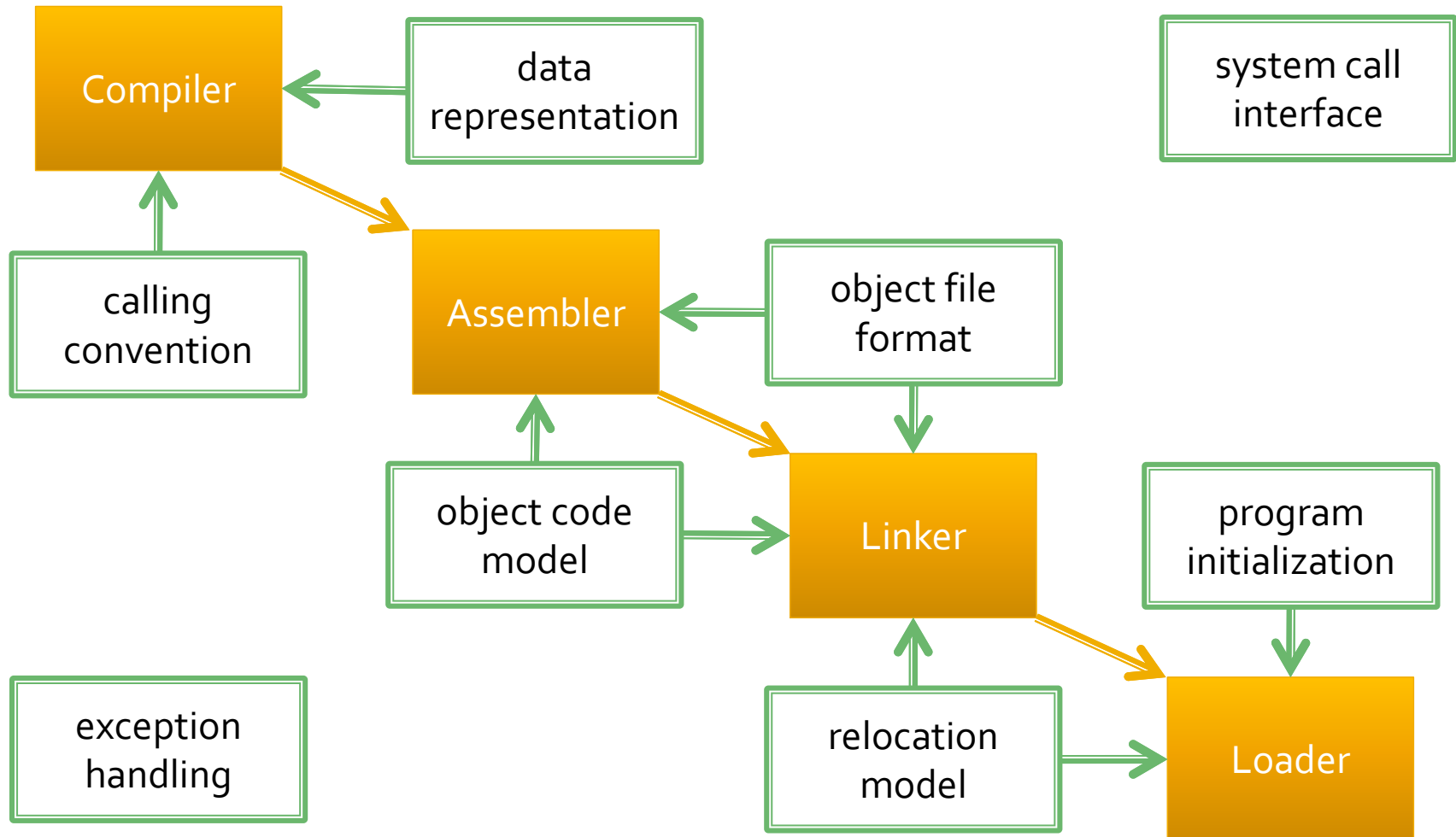


CPEG421/621 Tutorial

Memory Maps, ABIs

Application Binary Interface



Intel x86 Architecture

ia32	ia64
8 x 32bit General Purpose Registers	16 x 64bit General Purpose Registers
6 x 16bit Segment Registers	6 x 16bit Segment Registers
8 x 80bit Floating-Point Registers	8 x 80bit Floating-Point Registers
8 x 64bit MMX Registers	8 x 64bit MMX Registers
8 x 128bit XMM Registers	16 x 128bit XMM Registers
32bit address space	64bit address space

Compiler

- Data representation
Specifies the size and alignment of the different data types
- Calling Convention
Specifies how to pass arguments to a function
- Register Convention
Specifies who has to save and restore the registers

Data Representation (Linux)

	32 bit		64 bit	
Type	Size	Alignment	Size	Alignment
<i>_Bool</i>	1	1	1	1
char	1	1	1	1
Short	2	2	2	2
int	4	4	4	4
enum	4	4	4	4
long	4	4	8	8
<i>long long</i>	8	4	8	8
pointer	4	4	8	8
float	4	4	4	4
double	8	4	8	8
<i>long double</i>	12	4	16	16

Structures, Unions and Bitfields

```
struct {  
    char c;  
};
```



Size: 1 byte
Alignment: 1 byte

Structures, Unions and Bitfields

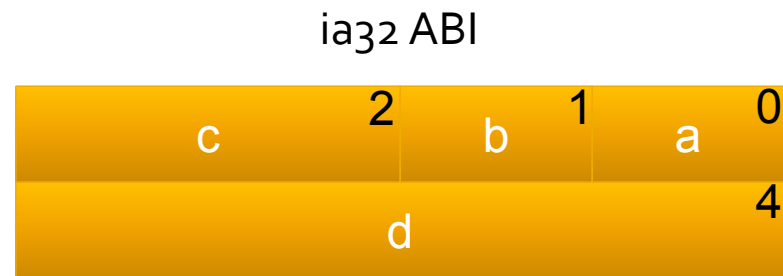
```
struct {  
    char a;  
    short b;  
};
```



Size: 4 byte
Alignment: 2 byte

Structures, Unions and Bitfields

```
struct {  
    char a;  
    char b;  
    short c;  
    long d;  
};
```

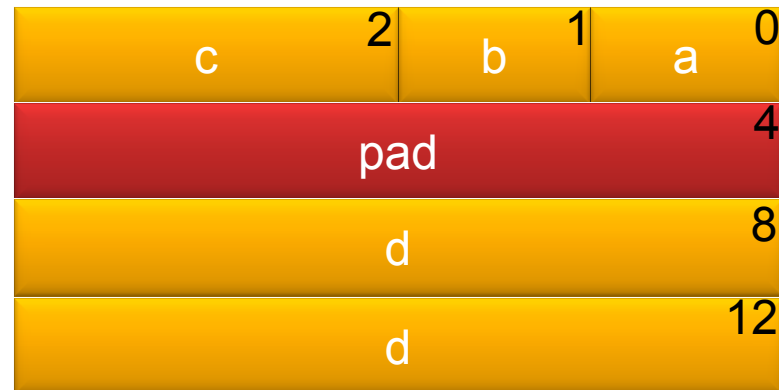


Size: 8 byte
Alignment: 4 byte

Structures, Unions and Bitfields

```
struct {  
    char a;  
    char b;  
    short c;  
    long d;  
};
```

ia64 ABI

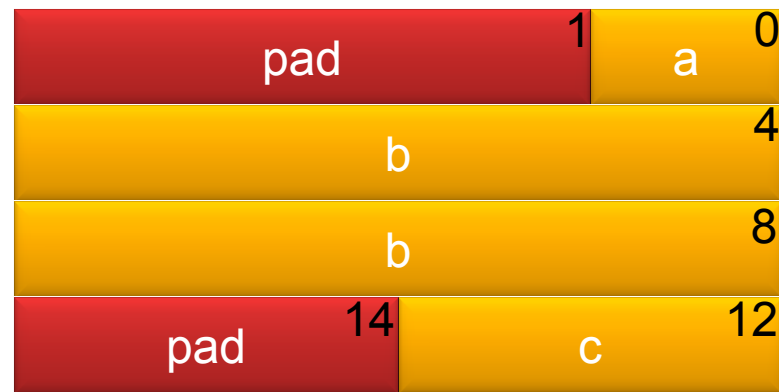


Size: 16 byte
Alignment: 8 byte

Structures, Unions and Bitfields

```
struct {  
    char a;  
    double  
b;  
    short c;  
};
```

ia32 ABI



Size: 16 byte

Alignment: 4 byte

Structures, Unions and Bitfields

```
struct {  
    char a;  
    double b;  
    short c;  
};
```

ia64 ABI



Size: 24 byte

Alignment: 8 byte

Structures, Unions and Bitfields

```
union {  
    char a;  
    short b;  
    int c;  
};
```



Size: 4 byte
Alignment: 4 byte

Structures, Unions and Bitfields

```
struct {  
    short  
    a:5;  
    int b:6;  
    int c:7;  
};
```



Size: 4 byte

Alignment: 4 byte

Structures, Unions and Bitfields

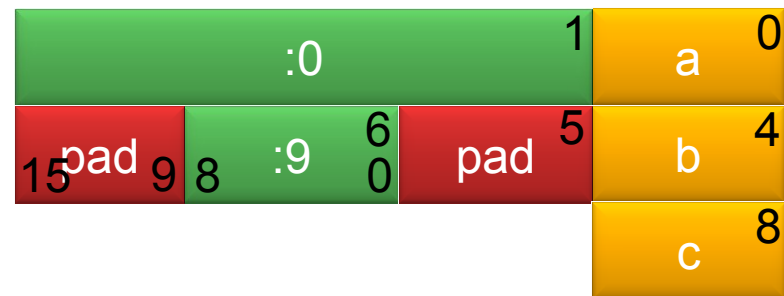
```
struct {  
    short a:9;  
    int b:9;  
    char c;  
    short d:9;  
    short e:9;  
    char f;  
};
```



Size: 12 byte
Alignment: 4 byte

Structures, Unions and Bitfields

```
struct {  
    char a;  
    int :0;  
    char b;  
    short :9;  
    char c;  
    char :0;  
};
```



Size: 9 byte
Alignment: 1 byte

Definitions

- Caller
The calling function
- Callee
The called function
- Caller Saved Registers
Registers that are not preserved during a function call and need to be saved by the caller
- Callee Saved Registers
Registers that are preserved during a function call and don't need to be saved by the caller. The callee needs to save and restore them.

Register Convention (Linux ia32)

Register	Description	Save site
%eax	Return value	Caller
%edx	Dividend register	Caller
%ecx	Count register	Caller
%ebx	Global Offset Table Base Register / Local register variable	Callee
%ebp	Stack frame pointer (optional)	Callee
%esi	Local register variable	Callee
%edi	Local register variable	Callee
%esp	Stack pointer	Callee
%st(0)	Floating point stack - top	
...		
%st(7)	Floating point stack - bottom	

Calling Convention (Linux ia32)

- All arguments are passed on the stack
- The stack is always aligned to 4 bytes
- Arguments are promoted to 4 bytes
- Arguments are passed from right to left on the stack

```
void foo(  
char c, short s,  
int i, long l,  
float f, double d);  
  
foo(1, 2, 3, 4, 5.0, 6.0);
```

Offset	Stack
24	6.0 (higher 4 byte)
20	6.0 (lower 4 byte)
16	5.0
12	4
8	3
4	2
0	1

Stack Frame

Base	Offset	Content	
%ebp	$4n+8$	argument word n	High Address
		...	
	8	argument word 0	
	4	return address	
%ebp	0	caller's %ebp	
%ebp	-4	x words local space local variables, etc	
%ebp	$-4X$		
%esp	8	caller's %edi	
%esp	4	caller's %esi	
%esp	0	caller's %ebx	Low Address

Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

IP → ...

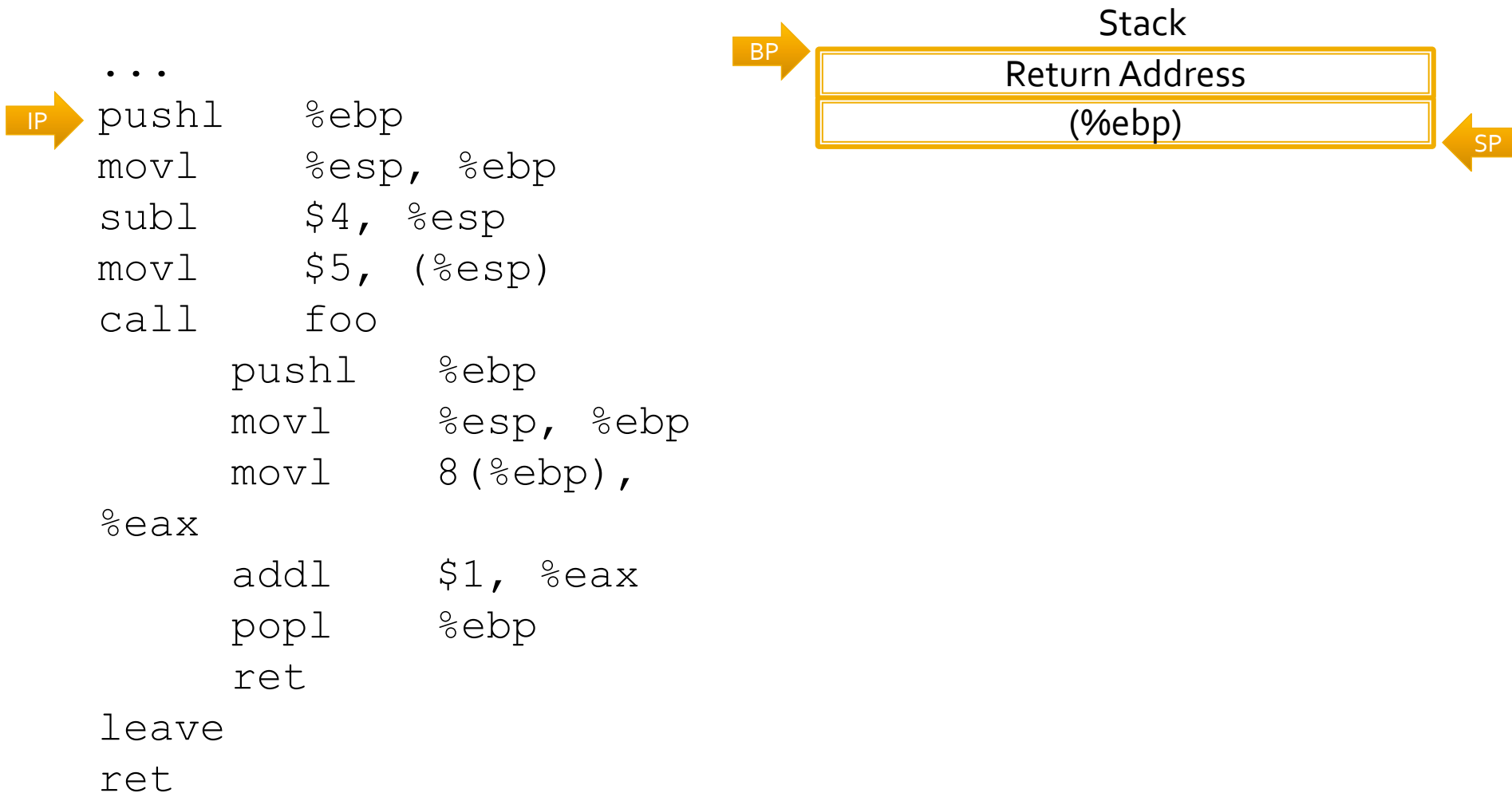
```
pushl    %ebp
movl     %esp, %ebp
subl     $4, %esp
movl     $5, (%esp)
call     foo

        pushl    %ebp
        movl     %esp, %ebp
        movl     8(%ebp),
%eax
        addl     $1, %eax
        popl     %ebp
        ret

leave
ret
```

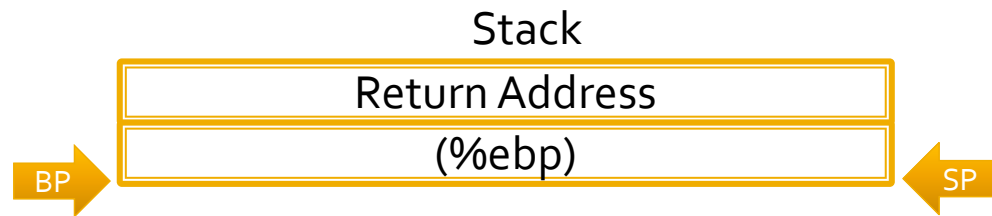


Calling Convention (Leaf Function)



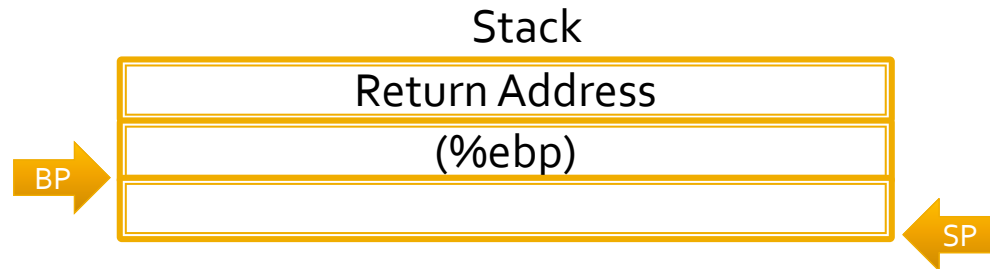
Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
IP → movl    %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo  
  
        pushl    %ebp  
        movl     %esp, %ebp  
        movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
        addl     $1, %eax  
        popl     %ebp  
        ret  
  
leave  
ret
```



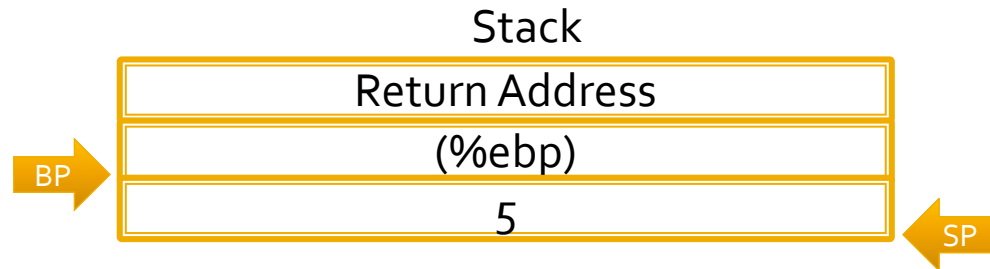
Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo  
  
        pushl    %ebp  
        movl     %esp, %ebp  
        movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
        addl     $1, %eax  
        popl     %ebp  
        ret  
  
leave  
ret
```



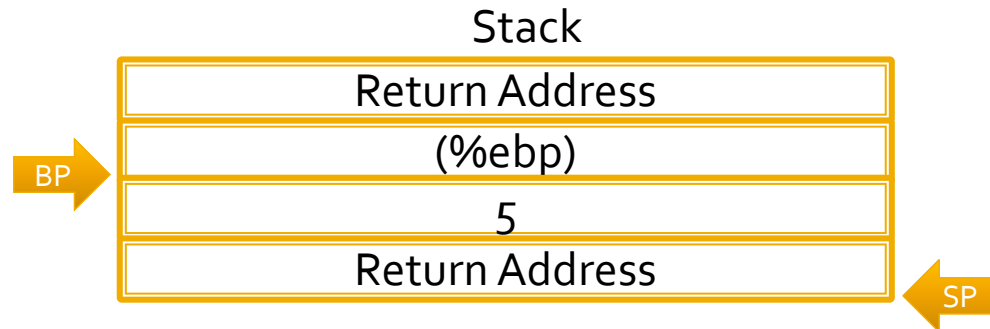
Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
IP → movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo  
  
        pushl    %ebp  
        movl     %esp, %ebp  
        movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
        addl     $1, %eax  
        popl     %ebp  
        ret  
  
leave  
ret
```



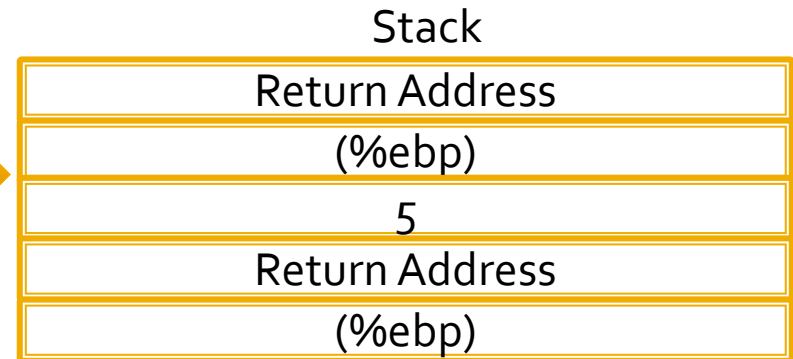
Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
IP → call    foo  
        pushl    %ebp  
        movl     %esp, %ebp  
        movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
        addl     $1, %eax  
        popl     %ebp  
        ret  
leave  
ret
```



Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo
```



IP →

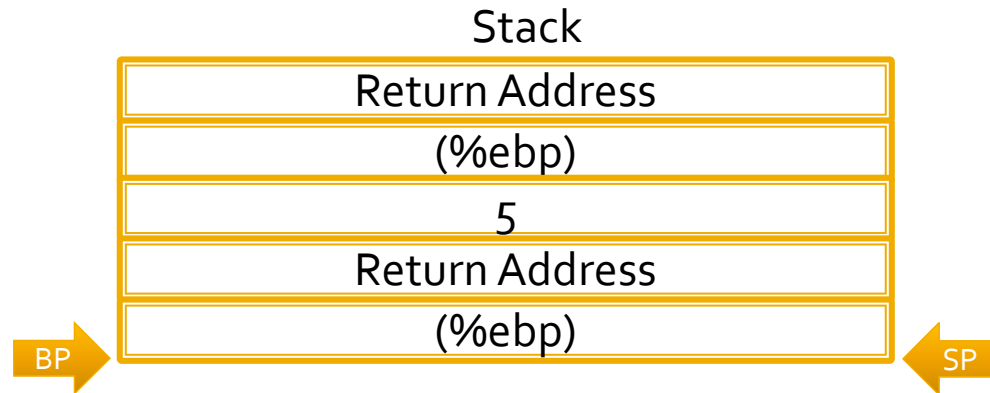
```
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
addl     $1, %eax  
popl     %ebp  
ret  
  
leave  
ret
```

Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo
```

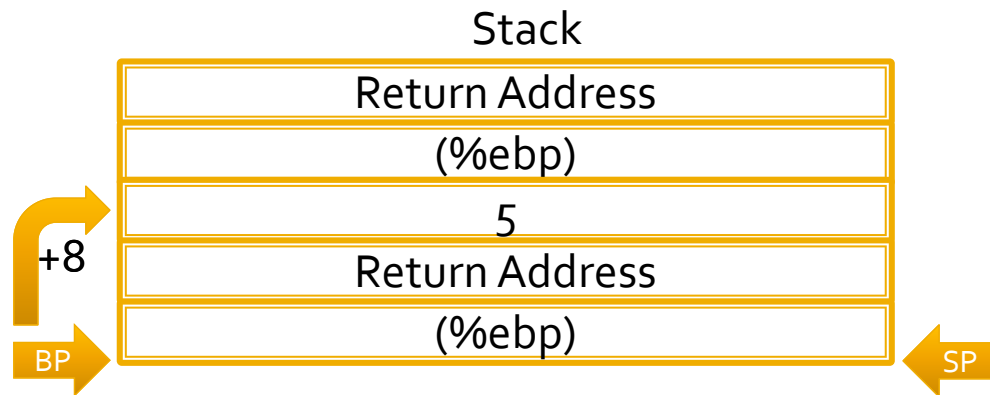
IP →

```
    pushl    %ebp  
    movl     %esp, %ebp  
    movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
    addl     $1, %eax  
    popl     %ebp  
    ret  
leave  
ret
```



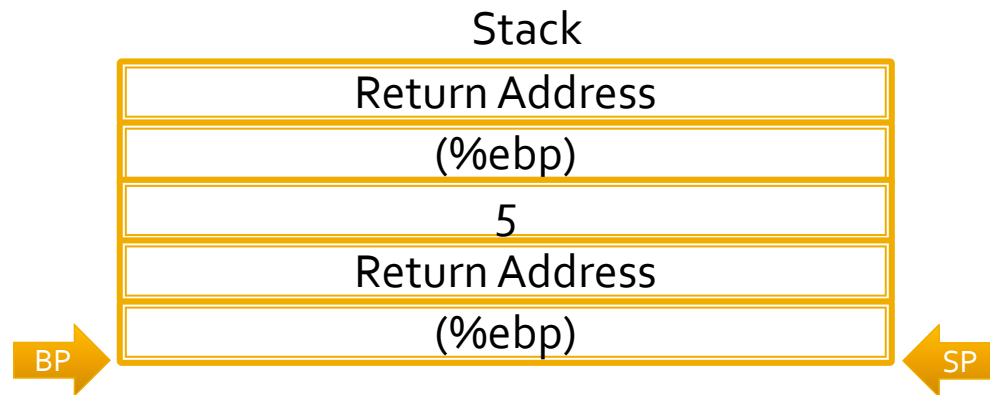
Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo  
  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
addl     $1, %eax  
popl     %ebp  
ret  
  
leave  
ret
```



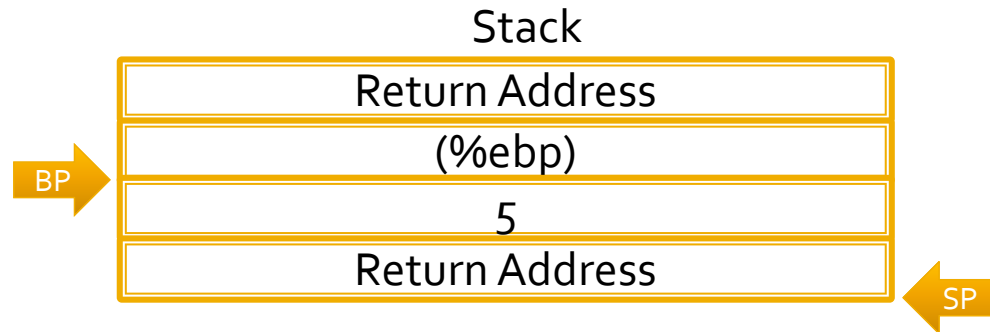
Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo  
  
        pushl    %ebp  
        movl     %esp, %ebp  
        movl     8(%ebp),  
IP → %eax  
        addl     $1, %eax  
        popl     %ebp  
        ret  
  
leave  
ret
```



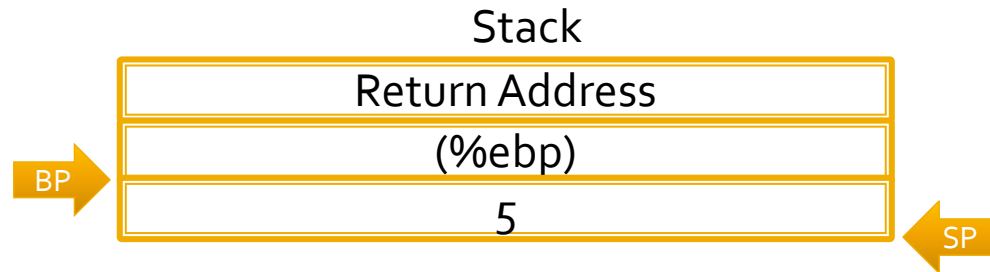
Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo  
  
        pushl    %ebp  
        movl     %esp, %ebp  
        movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
        addl     $1, %eax  
        popl     %ebp  
        ret  
  
leave  
ret
```



Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo  
  
        pushl    %ebp  
        movl     %esp, %ebp  
        movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
        addl     $1, %eax  
        popl     %ebp  
        ret  
leave  
ret
```



Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo  
  
        pushl    %ebp  
        movl     %esp, %ebp  
        movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
        addl     $1, %eax  
        popl     %ebp  
        ret  
leave  
ret
```



Stack

Return Address

SP

IP

Calling Convention (Leaf Function)

```
...  
pushl    %ebp  
movl     %esp, %ebp  
subl     $4, %esp  
movl     $5, (%esp)  
call     foo  
  
    pushl    %ebp  
    movl     %esp, %ebp  
    movl     8(%ebp),  
%eax  
    addl     $1, %eax  
    popl     %ebp  
    ret  
IP → leave  
    ret
```



Stack



Calling Convention (Return of Structures)

- Caller needs to allocate memory for return value
- Passes address as hidden first argument to the function
- Callee needs to remove hidden argument from the stack upon completion
- Also returns address in %eax

	After call	After return	
$4n+4(\%esp)$	argument word n	argument word n	$4n-4(\%esp)$
	...	...	
$8(\%esp)$	argument word 1	argument word 1	$0(\%esp)$
$4(\%esp)$	value address	undefined	
$0(\%esp)$	return address		

Dynamic Stack Allocation

	Original	Intermediate	Final	
o(%ebp) 12(%esp)	arguments and automatic variables	arguments and automatic variables	arguments and automatic variables	o(%ebp)
o(%esp)	save area 3 words	save area 3 words	old save area 3 words	
	undefined	new space	new space	12(%esp)
		undefined	new save area 3 words	o(%esp)

Assembler/Linker

Object Code Models:

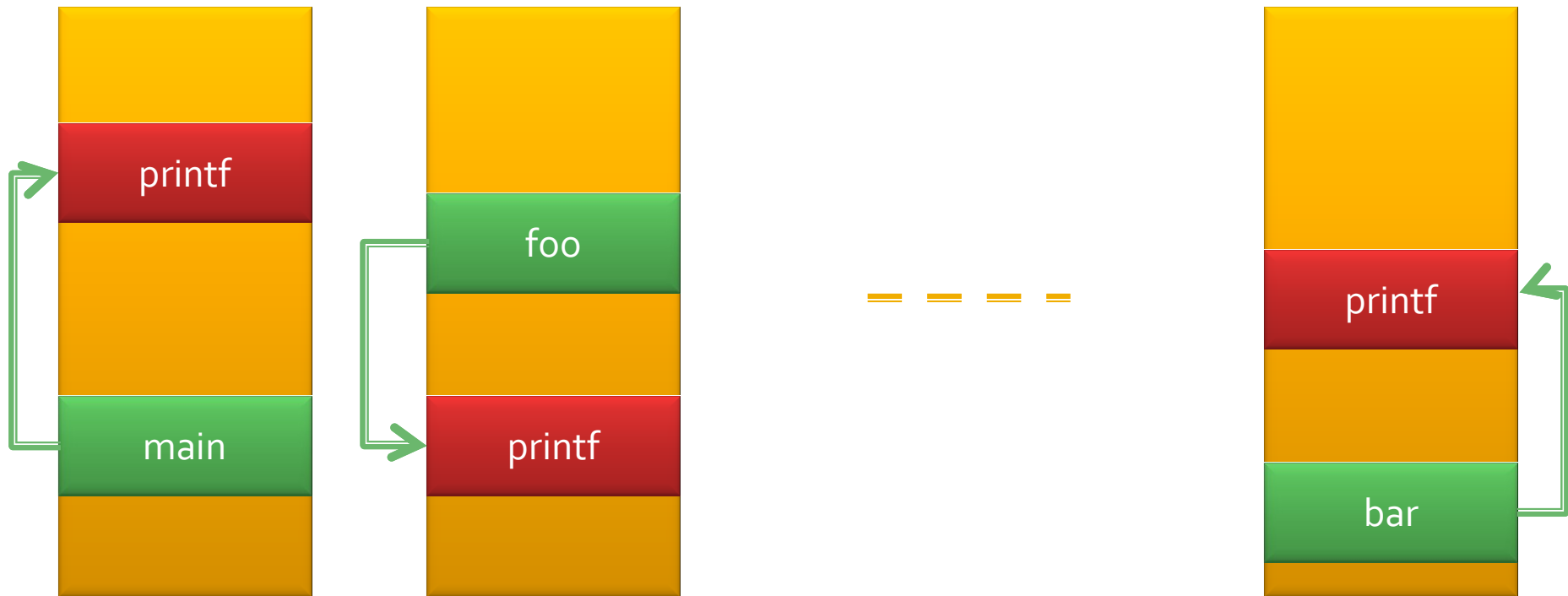
- Absolute Code

Instructions hold absolute virtual addresses. The code has to be loaded at a specific address

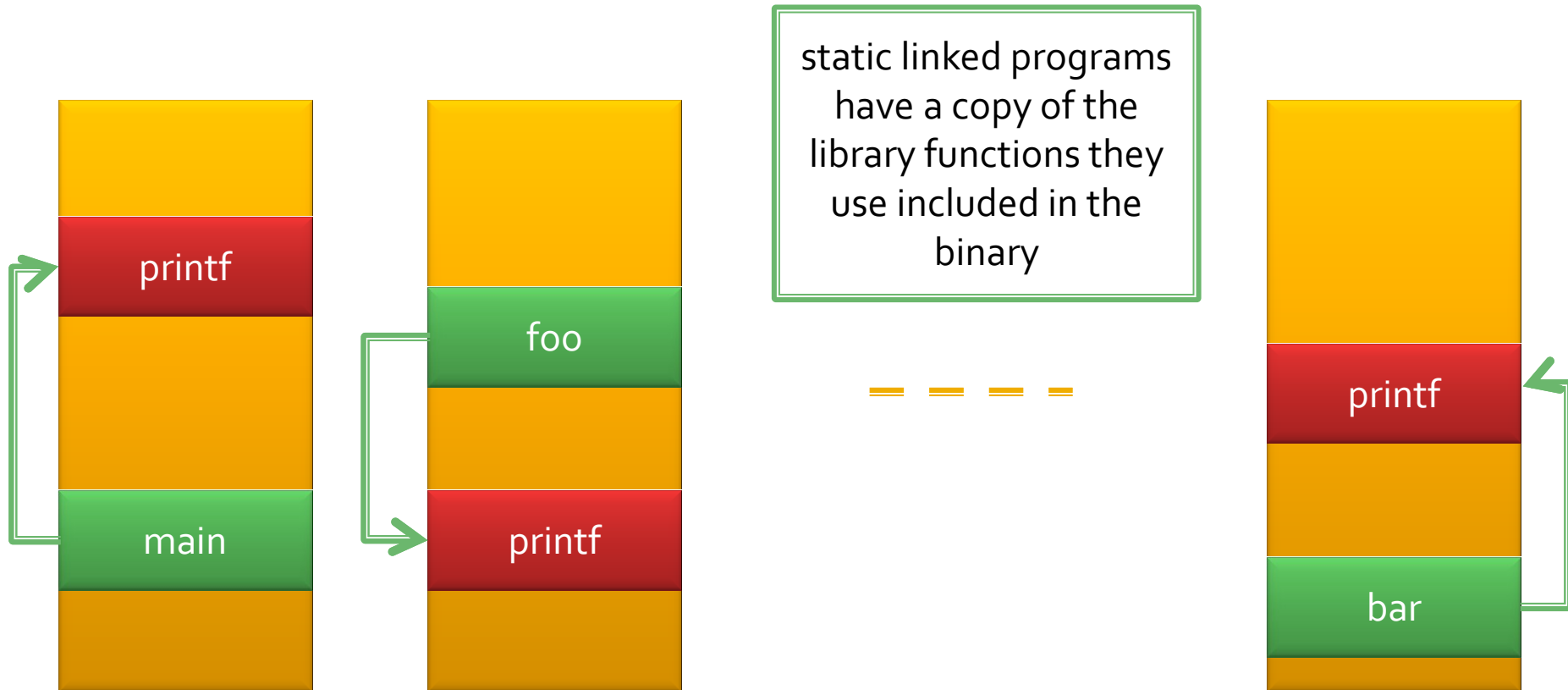
- Position-independent Code

All addresses are relative. Code can be loaded at any address.

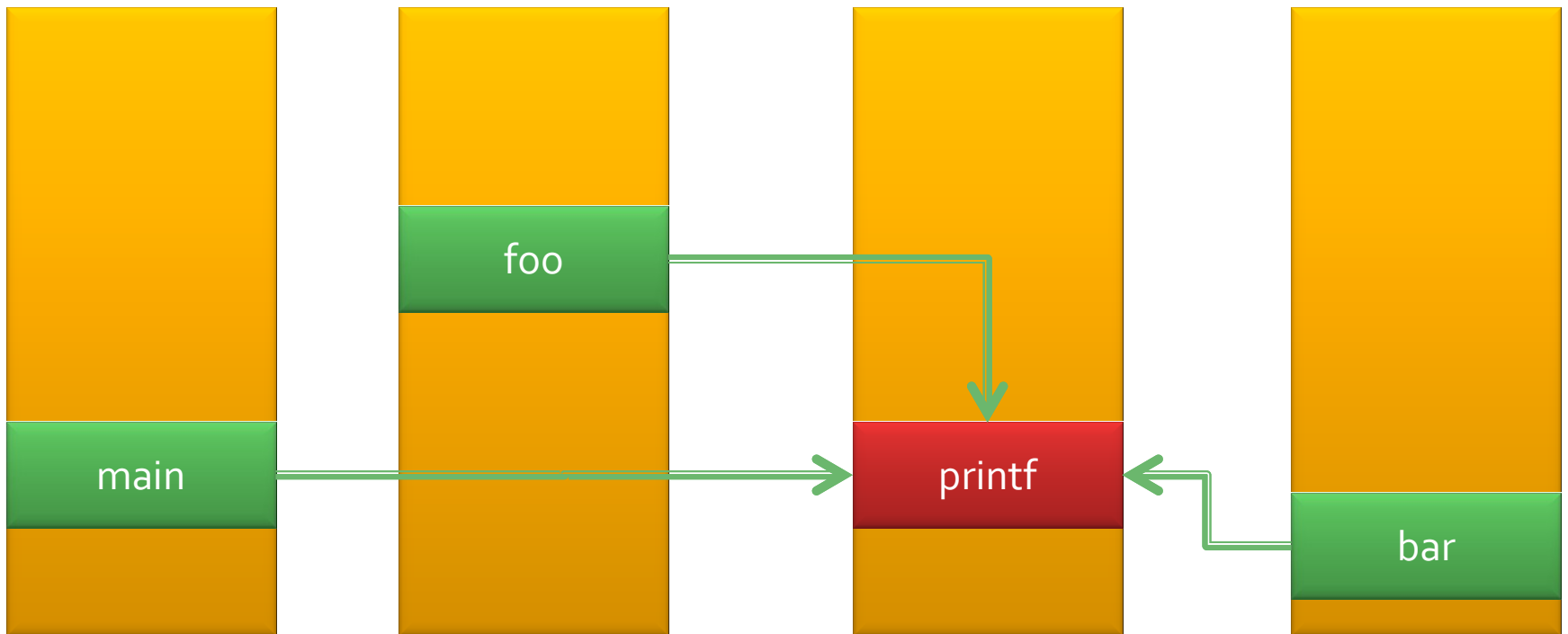
Object Code Models



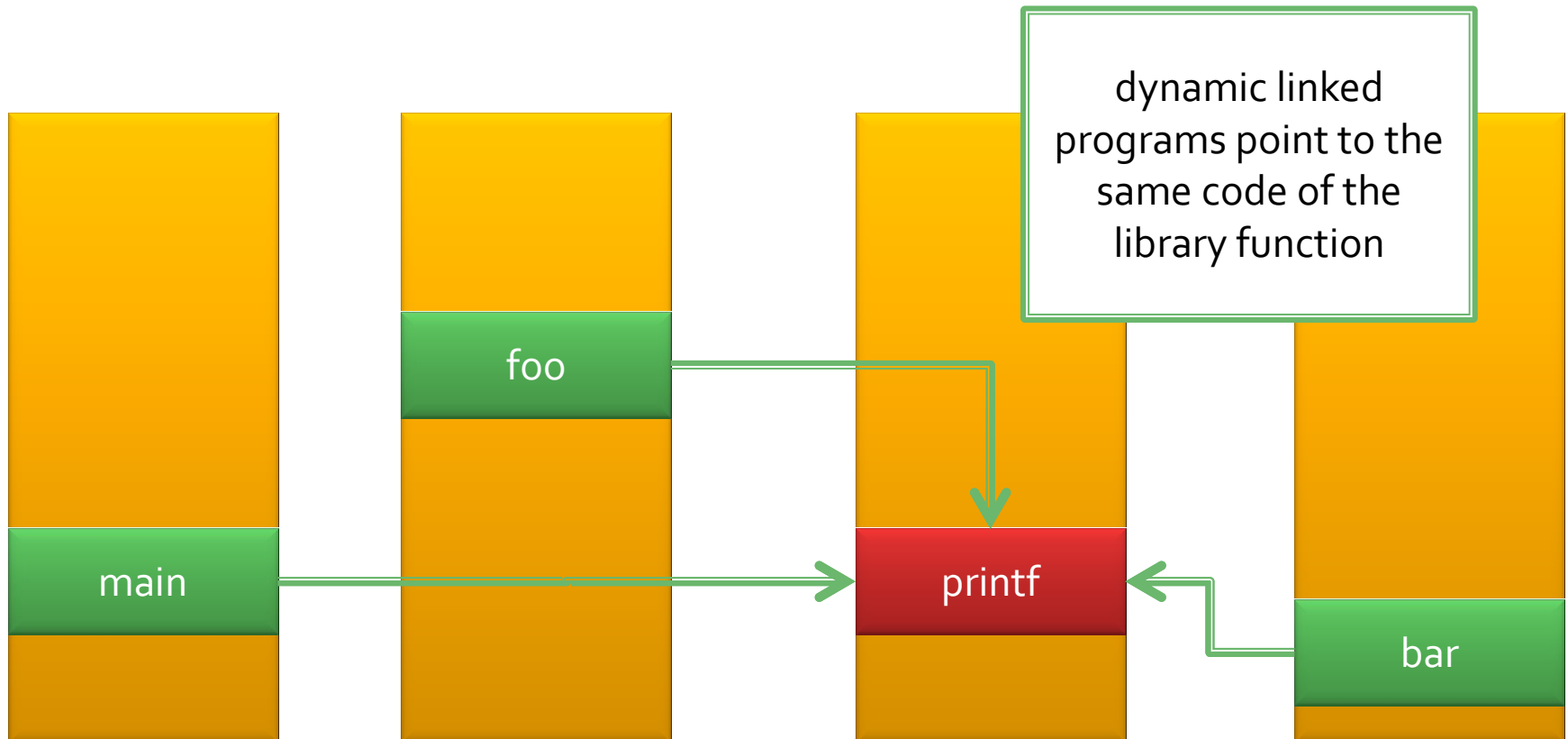
Object Code Models



Object Code Models



Object Code Models



Absolute vs Position-Independent Code (Global Variables)

C CODE

```
extern int src;  
extern int dst;  
extern int *ptr;  
ptr = &dst;  
*ptr = src;
```

ABSOLUTE CODE

```
.globl src, dst, ptr  
  
movl $dst, ptr  
  
movl ptr, %eax  
movl src, %edx  
movl %edx, (%eax)
```

Absolute vs Position-Independent Code (Global Variables)

C CODE

```
extern int src;
extern int dst;
extern int *ptr;
ptr = &dst;
*ptr = src;
```

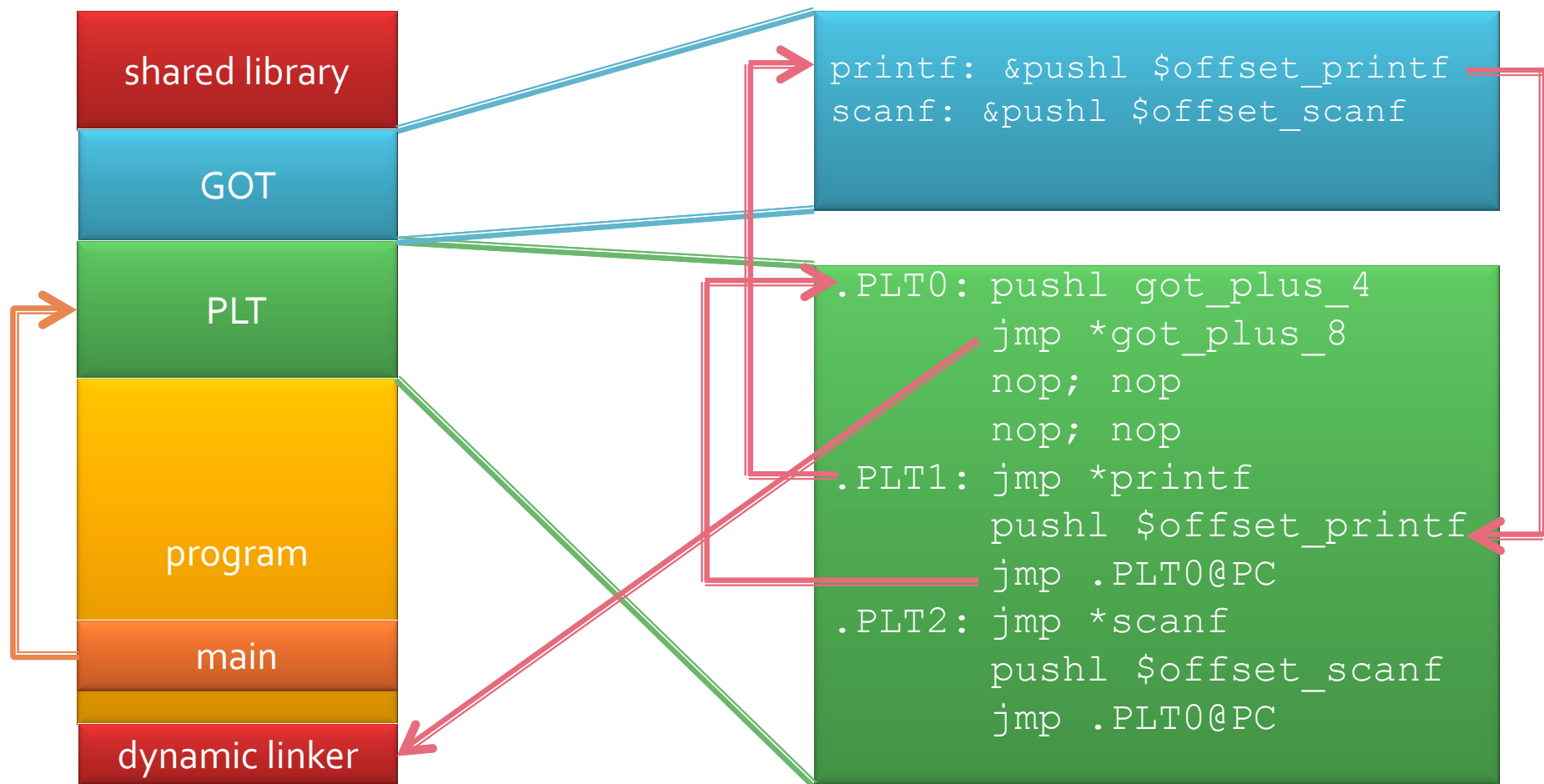
POSITION-INDEPENDENT CODE

```
.globl src, dst, ptr

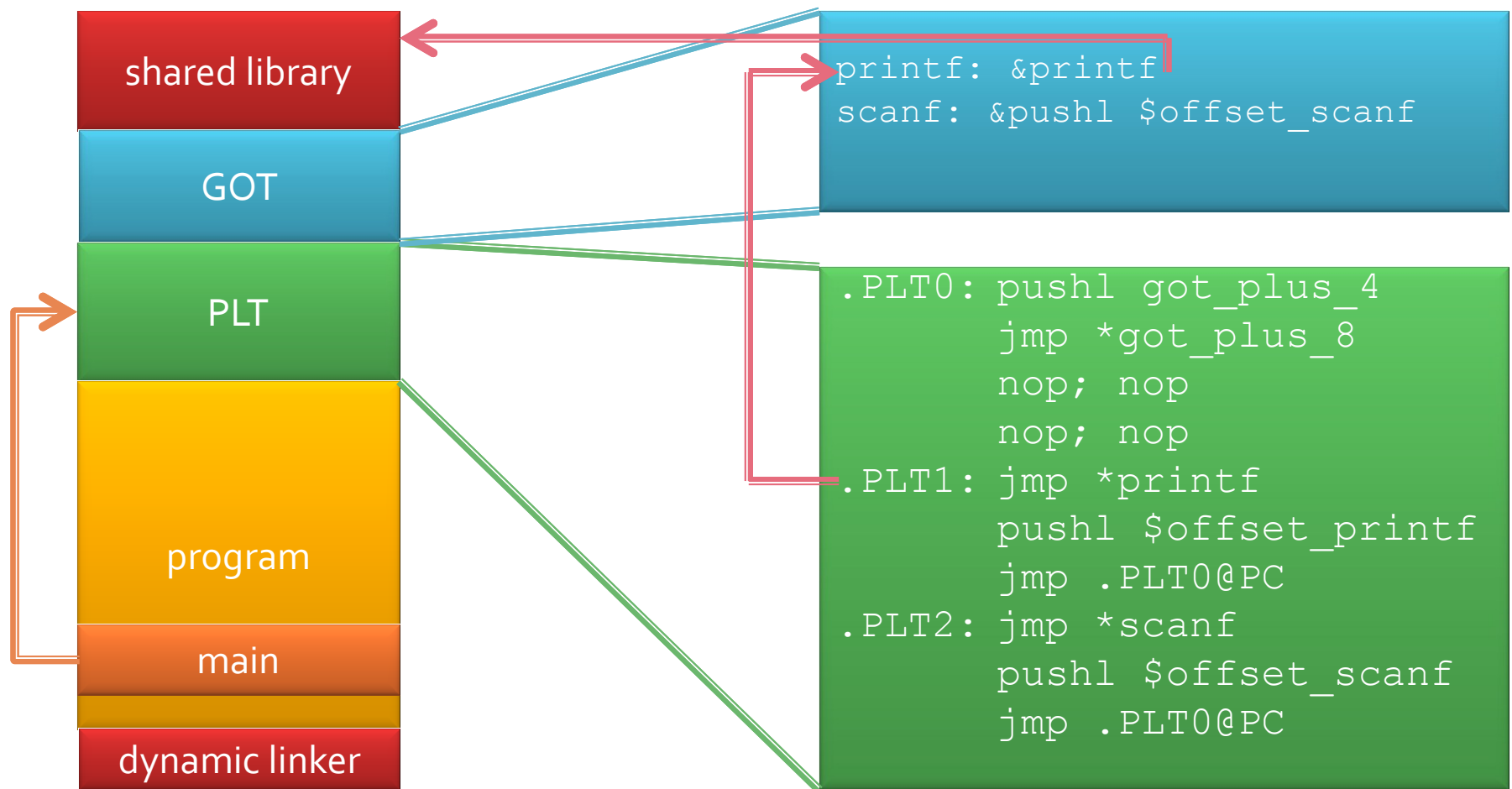
movl ptr@GOT(%ebx), %eax
movl dst@GOT(%ebx), %edx
movl %edx, (%eax)

movl ptr@GOT(%ebx), %eax
movl (%eax), %eax
movl src@GOT(%ebx), %edx
movl (%edx), %edx
movl %edx, (%eax)
```

Calling Dynamic Linked Library Functions



Calling Dynamic Linked Library Functions



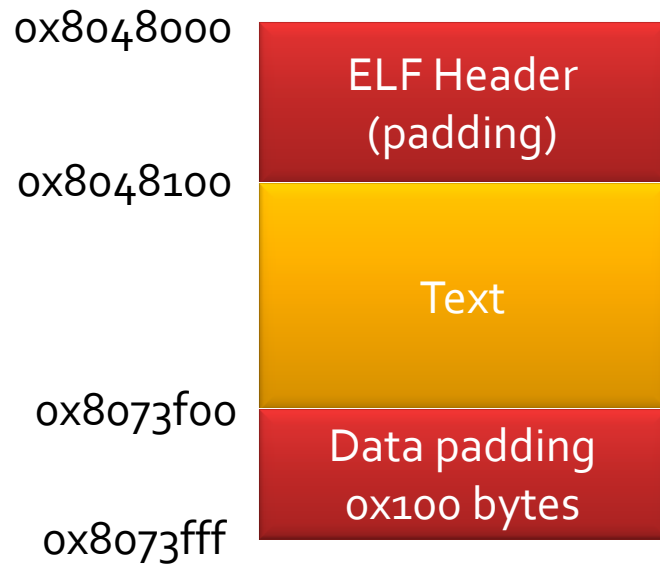
Loader

File Offset	File	Virtual Address
0	ELF Header Table	
	Pogramm Header Table	
0x100	Text Segment ... 0x2be00 bytes	0x8048100 0x8073eff
0x2bfoo	Data Segment ... 0x4e00 bytes	0x8074foo 0x8079cff
0x30doo	Section Header Table	

Loader

	Text	Data
Type	Load	Load
Offset	0x100	0x2bfoo
Virtual Address	0x8048100	0x8074foo
File Size	0x2be00	0x4e00
Memory Size	0x2be00	0x5e24
Alignment	0x1000	0x1000

Loader



Program Memory Map

0xffffffff	Dynamic Segment
0x80000000	
0x7fffffff	Data Segment
	Text Segment
0x8048000	
0x8047fff	Stack Segment
0x0000000	

More details ...

- Linkers & Loaders
free draft at <http://www.iecc.com/linker/>
- SYSTEM V APPLICATION BINARY
INTERFACE Intel386 Architecture Processor
Supplement, Fourth Edition
- System V Application Binary Interface
AMD64 Architecture Processor Supplement,
Draft Version 0.99.5